

## Special Risks to Consider About *This Franchise*

Certain states require that the following risk(s) be highlighted:

1. **Out-of-State Dispute Resolution.** The franchise agreement requires you to resolve disputes with the franchisor by mediation, arbitration and/or litigation only in Arizona. Out-of-state mediation, arbitration, or litigation may force you to accept a less favorable settlement for disputes. It may also cost more to mediate, arbitrate, or litigate with the franchisor in Arizona than in your own state.
2. **Short Operating History.** The franchisor is at an early stage of development and has a limited operating history. This franchise is likely to be a riskier investment than a franchise in a system with a longer operating history.
3. **Supplier Control.** You must purchase all or nearly all of the inventory supplies that are necessary to operate your business from the Franchisor, it's affiliates or suppliers that the franchisor designates, at prices the franchisor or they set. These prices may be higher than prices you could obtain elsewhere for the same or similar goods. This may reduce the anticipated profit of your franchise business.

Certain states may require other risks to be highlighted. Check the "State Specific Addenda" (if any) to see whether your state requires other risks to be highlighted.

## MINNESOTA ADDENDUM TO DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT

In the State of Minnesota only, this Disclosure Document is amended as follows:

- Minnesota Statutes, Section 80C.21 and Minnesota Rules 2860.4400(J) prohibit the franchisor from requiring litigation to be conducted outside Minnesota, requiring waiver of a jury trial, or requiring the franchisee to consent to liquidated damages, termination penalties or judgment notes. In addition, nothing in the Franchise Disclosure Document or agreement(s) can abrogate or reduce (1) any of the franchisee's rights as provided for in Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 80C or (2) franchisee's rights to any procedure, forum, or remedies provided for by the laws of the jurisdiction.
- With respect to franchises governed by Minnesota law, the franchisor will comply with Minnesota Statutes, Section 80C.14, Subd. 3-5, which require (except in certain specified cases) (1) that a franchisee be given 90 days' notice of termination (with 60 days to cure) and 180 days' notice for non-renewal of the franchise agreement and (2) that consent to the transfer of the franchise will not be unreasonably withheld.
- The franchisor will protect the franchisee's rights to use the trademarks, service marks, trade names, logotypes or other commercial symbols or indemnify the franchisee from any loss, costs or expenses arising out of any claim, suit or demand regarding the use of the name.
- Minnesota considers it unfair to not protect the franchisee's right to use the trademarks. Refer to Minnesota Statutes, Section 80C.12, Subd. 1(g).
- Minnesota Rules 2860.4400(D) prohibits a franchisor from requiring a franchisee to assent to a general release.
- The franchisee cannot consent to the franchisor obtaining injunctive relief. The franchisor may seek injunctive relief. See Minn. Rules 2860.4400J. Also, a court will determine if a bond is required.
- The Limitations of Claims section must comply with Minnesota Statutes, Section 80C.17, Subd. 5, which states "No action may be commenced pursuant to this Section more than three years after the cause of action accrues."
- NSF Checks are governed by Minnesota Statute 60A.113, which puts a maximum cap of \$30 on service charges.
- All Franchise Fees are deferred until the Franchisee is open for business and Franchisor has delivered all pre-opening obligations.

**THESE FRANCHISES HAVE BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE MINNESOTA FRANCHISE ACT. REGISTRATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE APPROVAL,**

**Item 5  
INITIAL FEES**

Franchise Fee

When you sign your franchise agreement, you must pay us \$40,000 as the initial franchise fee. This fee is uniform and is not refundable.

All Franchise Fees are deferred until the Franchisee is open for business and Franchisor has delivered all pre-opening obligations.

Retail Inventory

When you purchase the franchised business, you will purchase the retail items and inventory from us directly. The total investment for these items will be \$7,500 to \$10,000 which is enough inventory to set up your retail section of the store and will in most cases last for the first one month of doing of business.

Equipment

When you purchase the franchised business, you will be required to purchase some of the equipment from us directly which will be used to open and operate the franchised business. The total investment for this equipment is \$10,000 to \$30,000.

Multi-Unit Development

If you and we agree that you will develop multiple franchises, then you will sign our Multi-Unit Development Agreement (“MUDA”) in the form of Exhibit C to this disclosure document. Your franchise fees will be reduced to \$27,500 for each additional franchise after the first franchise. You will pay all franchise fees upon signing the MUDA. They are uniform and not refundable.

**Item 6  
OTHER FEES**

Type of Fee	Amount	Due Date	Remarks
Royalty	5.5% of your gross sales	Monthly, by the 15th of the following month	See Note 1 and Note 2.
Brand Fund Contribution	1% of your gross sales	Monthly, by the 15th of the following month	See Item 11 for a detailed discussion about these funds. Amounts due will be withdrawn by electronic wire transfer from your designated bank account.

Total	\$228,350 - \$498,200			This is the total estimated initial investment to enter into a Multi-Unit Development Agreement for the right to own a total of 2 or 5 locations.
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Notes

1. Your lease security deposit and utility deposits will usually be refundable unless you owe money to the landlord or utility provider. None of the other expenditures in this table will be refundable. Neither we nor any affiliate finances any part of your initial investment.

All Franchise Fees are deferred until the Franchisee is open for business and Franchisor has delivered all pre-opening obligations.

2. Our estimates in this table assume you pay one month rent plus a security deposit before you open for business. For this to occur, you would need to negotiate a “free rent” period for the time it takes to build out your business. We expect that you will rent your location. If you choose to purchase real estate instead of renting, your costs will be significantly different.

3. You will be required to purchase the equipment, fixtures and elements which will be used to build and make up the operations of the store. This includes the equipment to make the drinks and products along with items which will be in the front of the store. You will purchase approximately \$10,000 to \$30,000 of the equipment from us directly.

4. The primary inventory you will purchase will be purchased through our approved vendors and suppliers and will be comprised primarily of the boba products and food items you will sell from the franchised business. You will also have a retail component to the business which is made up of products, toys, branded apparel and other items which will be sold from the location. You will purchase these items directly from our Affiliate company, Boba Cutea Supply, LLC.

5. This includes any other required expenses you will incur before operations begin and during the initial period of operations, such as payroll, additional inventory, rent, and other operating expenses in excess of income generated by the business. It does not include any salary or compensation for you. In formulating the amount required for additional funds, we relied on the following factors, basis, and experience: the development of a Boba Cucue business by our affiliate, and our general knowledge of the industry.

6. This estimate assumes you sign a Multi-Unit Development Agreement for two to five franchises. The franchise fee for your first unit is counted in the “Estimated Initial Investment

## MINNESOTA RIDER TO FRANCHISE AND MULTI-UNIT DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

This Rider amends the Franchise and Multi-Unit Development Agreement dated \_\_\_\_\_ (the “Agreement”), between Boba Cutea US Group, LLC, An Arizona limited liability company (“Boba Cucue Franchise”) and \_\_\_\_\_, a \_\_\_\_\_ (“Franchisee”).

**1. Definitions.** Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Rider have the meanings given in the Agreement. The “Minnesota Act” means Minnesota Statutes, Sections 80C.01 to 80C.22.

**2. Amendments.** The Agreement is amended to comply with the following:

Minnesota Statutes, Section 80C.21 and Minnesota Rules 2860.4400(J) prohibit the franchisor from requiring litigation to be conducted outside Minnesota, requiring waiver of a jury trial, or requiring the franchisee to consent to liquidated damages, termination penalties or judgment notes. In addition, nothing in the Franchise Disclosure Document or agreement(s) can abrogate or reduce (1) any of the franchisee’s rights as provided for in Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 80C or (2) franchisee’s rights to any procedure, forum, or remedies provided for by the laws of the jurisdiction.

With respect to franchises governed by Minnesota law, the franchisor will comply with Minnesota Statutes, Section 80C.14, Subd. 3-5, which require (except in certain specified cases) (1) that a franchisee be given 90 days’ notice of termination (with 60 days to cure) and 180 days’ notice for non-renewal of the franchise agreement and (2) that consent to the transfer of the franchise will not be unreasonably withheld.

The franchisor will protect the franchisee’s rights to use the trademarks, service marks, trade names, logotypes or other commercial symbols or indemnify the franchisee from any loss, costs or expenses arising out of any claim, suit or demand regarding the use of the name. Minnesota considers it unfair to not protect the franchisee’s right to use the trademarks. Refer to Minnesota Statutes, Section 80C.12, Subd. 1(g).

Minnesota Rules 2860.4400(D) prohibits a franchisor from requiring a franchisee to assent to a general release.

The franchisee cannot consent to the franchisor obtaining injunctive relief. The franchisor may seek injunctive relief. See Minn. Rules 2860.4400J. Also, a court will determine if a bond is required.

The Limitations of Claims section must comply with Minnesota Statutes, Section 80C.17, Subd. 5, and therefore the applicable provision of the Agreement is amended to state “No action may be commenced pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Section 80C.17 more than three years after the cause of action accrues.”

No statement, questionnaire, or acknowledgement signed or agreed to by a franchisee in connection with the commencement of the franchise relationship shall have the effect of (i) waiving any claims under any applicable state franchise law, including, fraud in the inducement,

or (ii) disclaiming reliance on any statement made by any franchisor, franchise seller, or other person acting on behalf of the franchisor. This provision supersedes any other term of any document executed with the franchise.

All Franchise Fees are deferred until the Franchisee is open for business and Franchisor has delivered all pre-opening obligations.

**3. Effective Date.** This Rider is effective as of the Effective Date.

Agreed to by:

FRANCHISOR:

FRANCHISEE:

BOBA CUTEA US GROUP, LLC

\_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_